

TEST REPORT

SLIP RESISTANCE CLASSIFICATION OF NEW PEDESTRIAN SURFACE MATERIALS

AS 4586-2013
Appendix A - Wet Pendulum Testing
Appendix B - Dry Friction Testing

Prepared For:

Knotwood Pty Ltd

Product Description:

Timber-Look Aluminium Flooring, Brown Coating, 18x20cm

Test Date:

28-02-2019





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Knotwood Pty Ltd Page #: 1 of 1 **Report Prepared for:** 2/63 Burnside Road Program #: 8005

Stapylton QLD 4207

Test Date: 28-02-2019

Test Site: Independent Slip Testing Services- Slip Resistance Laboratory (Lota QLD)

Testing Technician:

Testing Instrument: Pendulum Skid Tester with Slider 96 (4S) rubber Testing Instrument Serial #: SK1105 (W1)

TESTING SPECIMEN DESCRIPTION, SIZE, COLOUR, TYPE, & COATING (if applicable)

1x Timber-Look Aluminium Flooring, Brown Coating, Sample Size 18x20cm

- 1x Timber-Look Aluminium Flooring, Brown Coating, Sample Size 18x20cm
- 1x Timber-Look Aluminium Flooring, Brown Coating, Sample Size 18x20cm
- 1x Timber-Look Aluminium Flooring, Brown Coating, Sample Size 18x20cm
- 1x Timber-Look Aluminium Flooring, Brown Coating, Sample Size 18x20cm

Surface Condition: Fine Textured Cleaning: Tested as received

Fixed/ Unfixed: Unfixed Rz Mean: n/a **Environmental Conditions:** Air conditioning Air Temp: 22 Deg.C **Direction of Test:** As indicated on underside of sample Slope: n/a

AS 4586-2013

INTERPRETATION OF THE WET PENDULUM RESULTS		
Classification	Pendulum mean BPN Slider 96 (4S) rubber	
P5	>54	
P4	45-54	
Р3	35-44	
P2	25-34	
P1	12-24	
Р0	<12	

TEST RESULTS

Specimen	#1 Result:	54 BPN	Slider condition (P400):	80 BPN
	#2 Result:	55 BPN	Slider condition (Lapping):	62 BPN
	#3 Result:	57 BPN	Temperature adjustment:	n/a

#4 Result: 58 BPN 55 BPN #5 Result:

CLASSIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION	PENDULUM MEAN BPN (4S rubber)
P5	56

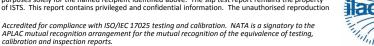
The mean results of the five specimens is reported (rounded to nearest whole number)

^ An individual result both below the result classification and below the mean result minus 20% shall be considered of lower classification

Maximum Slope Design Value (when dry):	6.5 deg
Maximum Slope Design Value (when wet):	4 deg

^NCC Code provides reference for ramps up to 1:8

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Signatory: Mick Walton

Testing was carried out using the Wet Pendulum Test Method in accordance with Australian Standard AS 4586-2013 Appendix A



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WET TEST RESULTS INTERPRETATION GUIDE (Part 1)- NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE (AUSTRALIA)

INTERPRETING WET TEST RESULTS

How to interpret your wet test report...

Wet test results offer six possible outcomes- classification 'P0', 'P1', 'P2', 'P3', 'P4' or 'P5'.

The classification 'P0' reflects a lesser slip resistant surface, while 'P5' classification reflects the greatest slip resistance classification.

There are two parts to this interpretation guide- Firstly the 'National Construction Code requirements', and secondly 'Other Particular Applications' recommendations.

For the 'Global Product Classification' test results refer additional #Note below.

- Step 1. Note the test location described in the left side column of your report, and the corresponding test result 'P' classification achieved (listed in the far right side column)
- Step 2. From this interpretation guide, identify the most appropriately related location description described in either 'TABLE 3A' (Part 1) or 'TABLE 3B' (Part 2). Note the 'P' classification listed to the right of this description.
- Step 3. If the test result classification listed meets (or exceeds) the related 'P' classification from 'TABLE 3A' or 'TABLE 3B', the test surface is meeting the relevant requirement.
- **#Note.** For 'Global Product Classification' test reports the 'TABLE 3A' or 'TABLE 3B' descriptions assist in identifying the product's suitability for various applications.

¢	TABLE	3A	

NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE COMPLIANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

* TABLE 3A	National Construction Code requirements.	
	Location	Classification
Stair Treads and St	airway Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2	
1. Stair treads and a	stairway landing (when dry)	P3
2. Stair treads and a	stairway landing (when wet)	P4
	eads and Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2	P3
,	stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing	P4
Ramps in Buildings	- Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2	
1. Ramps not steepe	er than 1:14 (4.1 degrees) gradient (when dry)	P3
2. Ramps not steepe	er than 1:14 (4.1 degrees) gradient (when wet)	P4
3. Ramps steeper th	an 1:14 (4.1degrees)up to but not steeper than 1:8 (7.1 degrees) (when dry)	P4
4. Ramps steeper th	an 1:14 (4.1 degrees) up to but not steeper than 1:8 (7.1 degrees) (when wet)	P5

*TABLE 2 Classification of Pedestrian Surface Materials according to the AS 4586-2013 wet pendulum test

CLASSIFICATION	Pendulum* mean BPN	
CLASSIFICATION	Four S rubber (Slider 96)	TRL rubber (Slider 55)
P5	>54	>44
P4	45-54	40-44
Р3	35-44	35-39
P2	25-34	20-34
P1	12-24	< 20
P0	<12	-

TREATMENT OPTIONS

For test results that achieve a result below recommendations, the following treatment options are available to increase slip resistance and Reduce Your Risk!

While ISTS is solely an audit service, following is a short list of common types of treatments we see our clients using to improve the slip resistance of various pedestrian surface materials.

Cleaning procedures Minimising detergent residue build up or other contaminants.

Acid etching Increasing surface texture.

Coatings and sealers Surface coatings and penetrative types.

Surface texture Coatings, etchants, sandblasting, shot blasting, etc. Surface replacement May be the most cost effective option in some instances.

An internet search for 'flooring treatments' will identify surface treatment professionals in your local area. ISTS recommends sourcing a number of detailed proposals when considering treatments, outlining expected slip resistance improvements, visual changes, clean ability and life expectancy.

ADDITIONAL NOTES & REFERENCES

*Table 3A- HB198:2014 "Guide to the specification and testing of slip resistance of pedestrian surfaces" Standards Australia Limited 2014.

*Table 2- AS 4586-2013 "Slip resistance classification of new pedestrian surface materials".

nb. The information provided is intended as a guide only, consult the referenced publications for further information in regards to measurement results and recommendations.



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WET TEST RESULTS INTERPRETATION GUIDE (Part 2)- OTHER APPLICATIONS...NON NCC (AUSTRALIA)

TABLE 3B

Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications for other applications where the NCC does not apply.

	Location		Classification
External Paven	nents and Ramps		
1. External ramps in	cluding sloping driveways, footpaths etc. steeper than 1 in 14 (4.1°)		P5
2. External ramps in	cluding sloping driveways, footpaths, etc., under 1:14 (4.1°), externa	al sales areas	P4
(eg. markets), ext	ternal car park areas, external colonnades, walkways, pedestrian cro	ssings,	
balconies, verand	las, carports, driveways, courtyards and roof decks		
3. Undercover car p	arks		Р3
Hotels, Offices,	Public Buildings, Schools and Kindergartens	_	
1. Entries and acces	s areas including	Wet area	Р3
hotels, offices, pu	ublic buildings, schools, kindergartens,	Transitional area	P2
internal lift lobbid	es and common areas of public buildings	Dry area	P1 (see Note 3)
2. Toilet facilities in	offices, hotels and shopping centres		Р3
3. Hotel apartment	bathrooms, ensuites and toilets		P2
4. Hotel apartment kitchens and laundries		P2	
Loading Docks,	Commercial Kitchens, Cold Stores, Serving Areas		
1. Loading docks un	der cover and commercial kitchens		P5
2. Serving areas beh	2. Serving areas behind bars in public hotels and clubs, cold stores and freezers		P4
Supermarkets and Shopping Centres			
1. Fast food outlets,	buffet food servery areas, food courts and fast food dining areas in $% \left\{ 1,2,\ldots ,n\right\}$	shopping centres	Р3
2. Shop and superm	narket fresh fruit and vegetables area		Р3
3. Shop entry areas	with external entrances		Р3
4. Supermarket aisle	es (except fresh food areas)		P1 (see Note 3)
5. Other separate sh	nops inside shopping centres - wet		Р3
6. Other separate shops inside shopping centres - dry		P1 (see Note 3)	
Swimming Poo	ls and Sporting Facilities		
1. Swimming pool ra	amps and stairs leading to water		P5
2. Swimming pool s	urrounds and communal shower rooms		P4
3. Communal chang	ing rooms		Р3
4. Undercover concourse areas of sports stadiums		P3	
Hospitals and A	ged Care Facilities		
1. Bathrooms and e	nsuites in hospitals and aged care facilities		Р3
2. Wards and corridors in hospital and aged care facilities		P2	

*TABLE 2 Classification of Pedestrian Surface Materials according to the	
AS 4586-2013 wet pendulum test	

Classification	Pendulum* mean BPN	
Classification	Four S rubber (Slider 96)	TRL rubber (Slider 55)
P5	>54	>44
P4	45-54	40-44
Р3	35-44	35-39
P2	25-34	20-34
P1	12-24	< 20
Р0	<12	ı

P1 (see Note 3)

Note 3.

The minimum classification listed in Table 3B is P1. It is inappropriate for Table 3B to list the lower classification, PO, since there is no lower limit on Classification PO.

Notwithstanding, some smooth and polished floor surfaces, which do not achieve Classification P1, may be considered to provide a safe walking environment for normal pedestrians walking at a moderate pace, provided the surface is kept clean and dry; however, should these surfaces become contaminated by either wet or dry materials, or be used by pedestrians in any other manner, then they may become unsafe. Therefore, the type of maintenance, the in-service inspection of floors, other environmental conditions and use should be taken into account when selecting such products.

ADDITIONAL NOTES & REFERENCES

*Table 3B- HB198:2014 "Guide to the specification and testing of slip resistance of pedestrian surfaces" Standards Australia Limited 2014.

*Table 2- AS 4586-2013 "Slip resistance classification of new pedestrian surface materials".

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TEST REPORT - DRY Slip Resistance Measurement of Pedestrian Surface Materials (Australia)



Independent Slip Testing Services

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Report Prepared for: Knotwood Pty Ltd

2/63 Burnside Road Stapylton QLD 4207 Page #: 1 of 1 Program #: 8005

Test Date: 28-02-2019

Test Site: Independent Slip Testing Services- Slip Resistance Laboratory (Lota QLD)

Testing Technician: C.Juillera

Testing Instrument: Tortus Dry Floor Friction Tester with Slider 96 (4S) rubber

Testing Instrument D15- Serial #: 401

TESTING SPECIMEN DESCRIPTION, SIZE, COLOUR, TYPE, & COATING (if applicable)

1. 1x Timber-Look Aluminium Flooring, Brown Coating, Sample Size 18x80cm

Surface Condition: Fine textured Cleaning: With a dry lint free cloth

 Fixed / Unfixed:
 Unfixed
 Rz Mean:
 n/a

 Environmental Conditions:
 Air conditioning
 Air Temp:
 22 Deg.C

 Direction of Test:
 As indicated on underside of sample
 Slope:
 n/a

AS 4586-2013

INTERPRETATION OF THE INDIVIDUAL & MEAN DRY FLOOR FRICTION RESULTS		
Class	Floor Friction Tester Mean Value	
D1	≥40	
D0	< 40	

(SRV/SCV)

TEST RESULTS Test Result Run 1: 0.63

Test Result Run 2: 0.77

CLASSIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION	#MEAN COF (ROUNDED TO 0.05)
D1	0.70

Results Comments:

- 1. * Indicates an individual test run registered below 0.40
- 2. ** Indicates a test sector of an individual test run is < 0.35 resulting in a compulsory 'D0' classification
- 3. # The mean COF of Test Result Run 1 & 2 is rounded to nearest 0.05
- nb. Test specimens are disposed after 1 month if not collected by client

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Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 testing and calibration. NATA is a signatory to the APLAC mutual recognition arrangement for the mutual recognition of the equivalence of testing, calibration and inspection reports.





Signatory: Mick Walton

Testing was carried out using the Dry Floor Friction Test Method in accordance with Australian Standard AS 4586-2013 Appendix B



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DRY TEST RESULTS INTERPRETATION GUIDE (AUSTRALIA)

INTERPRETING DRY TEST RESULTS

How to interpret your dry test report...

Dry test results offer two possible outcomes- classification 'D0' or classification 'D1'.

The classification 'D0' reflects a less slip resistant surface, while the recommended 'D1' classification reflects a greater slip resistant surface.

- Step 1. Note the test location described in the left side column of your report, and the corresponding test result classification achieved (listed in the far right side column).
- Step 2. If the test result classification listed is 'D1', the test surface is meeting the relevant recommendations.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

1. The mean test average is ≥0.40, however the result is 'D0' classification?

A. The mean of the test results should be equal to or greater than 0.40 and each individual result should be equal to or greater than 0.35. If either of this criteria is not met, the lot shall be considered to be 'D0' classification.

2. What does * and ** mean?

- A. * Indicates part of a test run registered under 0.40.
 - ** Indicates part of a test run registered less than 0.35 resulting in a compulsory 'D0' classification.
- 3. Why are test results rounded to the nearest 0.05?
 - A. As described in the relevant standards, the mean result of Test 1 & Test 2 is rounded to nearest 0.05.
- 4. What is the classification requirement for particular locations as stated in publication #HB198:2014?
 - A. The Australian testing standards provide classification criteria for dry test results. Handbook HB198 does not provide interpretation of dry test results.

5. How about dry testing for external areas?

A. Dry slip resistance measurement does not apply to external surfaces. If a pedestrian surface is likely to become wet and remain wet for any significant period of time, wet pendulum testing is the appropriate test method.

6. How do I improve the slip resistance of a surface currently achieving 'D0' classification?

A. Many treatments and procedures are available to improve slip resistance. Treatment options will vary depending on the type of surface and whether a sealed or unsealed finish is required. Described on the right are a list of options to improve slip resistance and Reduce Your Risk!

*TABLE 3 Classification of Pedestrian Surface Materials according to the AS 4586-2013 dry floor friction test	
Classification Result	Test Result Mean Value
(AS 4586-2013)	(COF)
D1	≥ 0.40
D0	< 0.40

TREATMENT OPTIONS

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References

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#HB198:2014 "Guide to the specification and testing of slip resistance of pedestrian surfaces".

nb. The information provided is intended as a guide only, consult the referenced publications for further information in regards to measurement results and recommendations.



TEST PRODUCT IMAGE

Product Description: Timber-Look Aluminium Flooring,

Brown Coating, 18x20cm

Test Date: 28-02-2019





